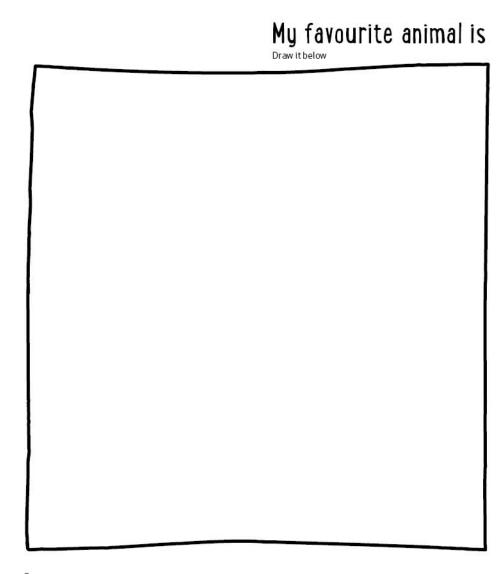


This book belongs to



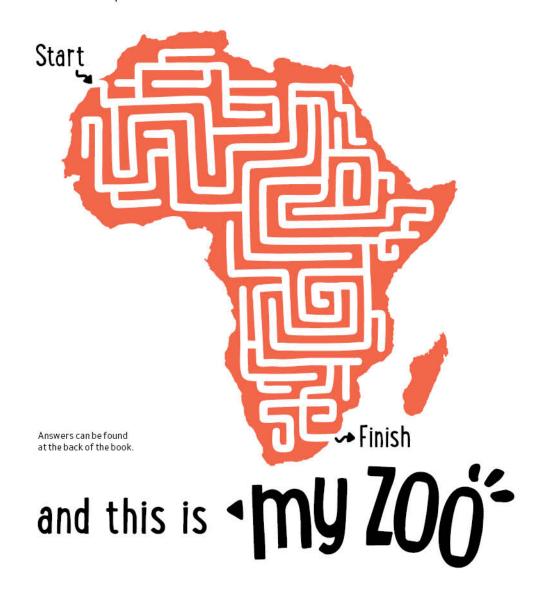
l am ____ years old

Welcome to Auckland Zoo!

Nau mai haere mai ki Te Whare Kararehe o Tāmaki Makaurau.

Did you know Africa is the second largest continent! It is home to over 1,100 species of mammals and over 2,600 species of birds.

Discover the African animals that live at Auckland Zoo and see if you can answer the questions in this book.



Ostrich

Origin



Size Up to 2.5m tall **Diet** Grass, seeds, fruit Conservation status

Least Concern

Have the largest eye of all living birds

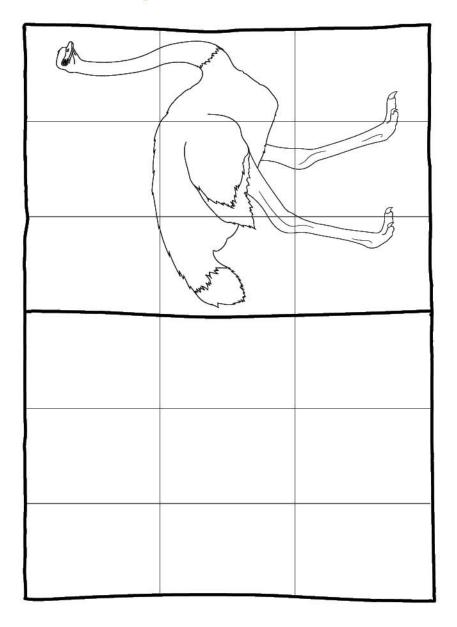
Heavy bodies mea ostrich cannot fly

Males have black feathers to help them camouflage while sitting on their nest at night

Females have grey feathers to help them camouflage while sitting on their nest during the day

Ostrich are the _____ bird on earth.

Copy and colour



Guess the correct number to complete each giraffe fact!

1 3 7 10 11 45 50

- A. A giraffe's tongue can be up to _____ cm long. How long is your tongue?
- **B.** Their long legs help giraffes reach speeds of _____ km/hour. That is the speed that you can drive around town!
- C. Giraffes can see up to _____ km away.
- **1.** A giraffe's heart weighs approximately _____ kg.
- **E.** Giraffes have ______ vertebrae in their neck, just like you.
- **F.** Giraffes only sleep for _____ minutes at a time.
- **G.** Giraffes can go without drinking water for up to weeks.

Nyala

Origin



Size

Up to 1.1m shoulder height

Diet

Leaves, fruits, grasses

Conservation status

Least Concern



Nyala is the Swahili word for _____

There are over 70 species of antelope in Africa

G	Е	J	K	Р	L	Ε	С	Н	W	Е	С	٧	Q	В	W	Ε	Α	М	I
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S	Α	Н	F	N	Р	S	1	В	U	J	Н	K	٧	Ε	5	K	U	Ε	0
٧	C	1	М	1	U	Ν	Ε	S	Q	C	S	0	М	1	K	L	В	Ν	T
L	Н	J	L	S	K	U	D	U	Ε	Н	Ţ	Ε	R	0	Α	N	Р	0	Α
S	Т	K	Q	Α	0	G	1	N	Α	0	S	Р	Н	N	J	1	Υ	С	N
Н	N	В	U	М	1	В	0	N	Т	Ε	В	0	K	C	Q	S	I	L	R
F	R	0	N	S	Α	Z	Ε	С	Н	G	Υ	J	Т	F	0	R	Υ	Х	Α

Bongo Klipspringer Roan
Bontebok Kudu Sable
Eland Lechwe Springbok
Gerenuk Nyala Waterbuck
Impala Oryx Wildebeest

Which two of these antelope species can you see at Auckland Zoo? and .

Plains zebra²

Origin



Size Up to 1.5m tall

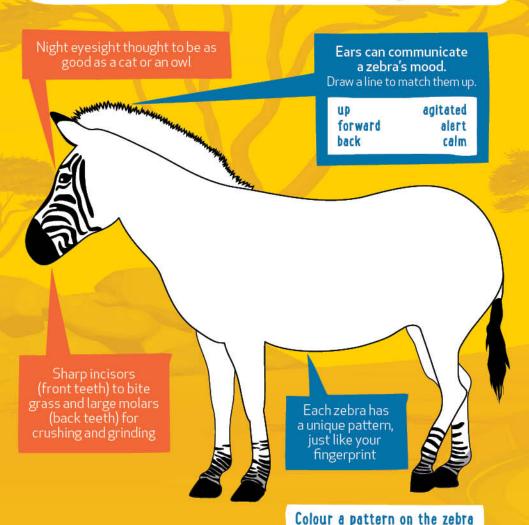


Diet

Grass, shrubs, leaves, roots and bark

Conservation status

Near threatened



Why do zebra have stripes?

So many stripes can be confusing. Predators can't make out each individual in the herd, which makes it hard to pick their prey. This is known as disruptive camouflage.



How many zebra can you count?

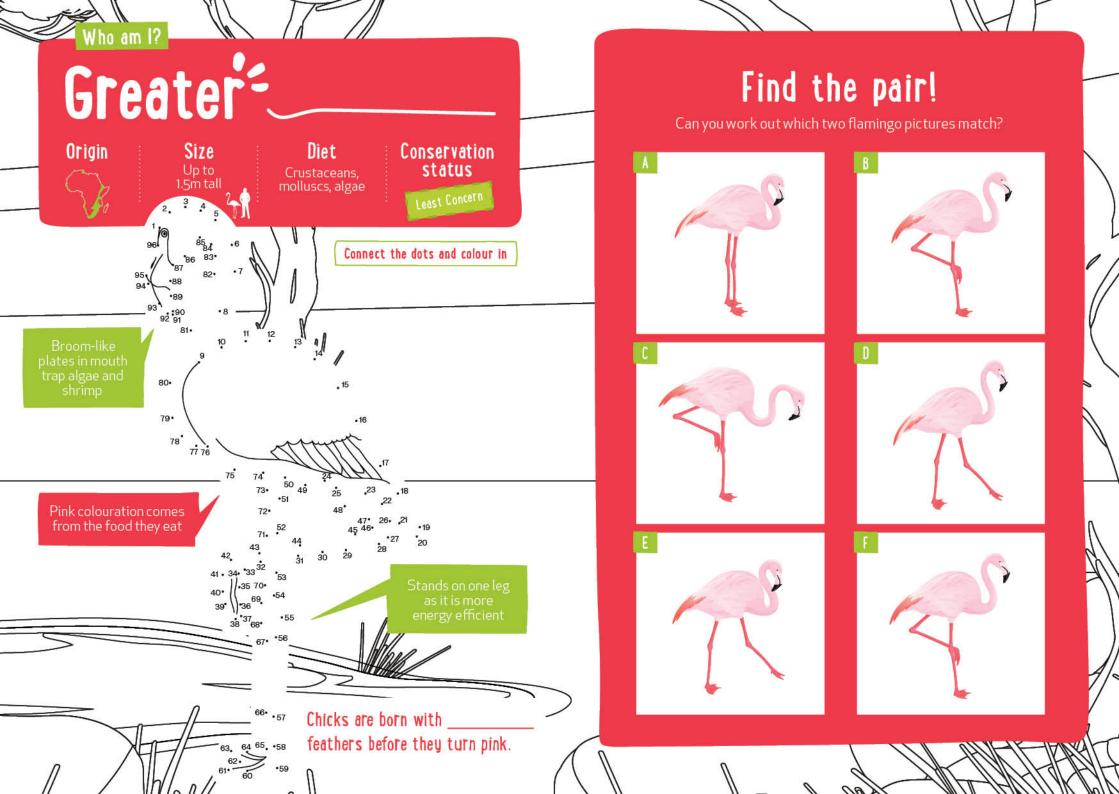
Zebra stripes are helpful in other ways too!

They can reduce body temperature

They can repel insects

They can help individuals recognise each other





Cape porcupiné

Origin



Size
Up to 83cm long

Diet

Roots, bulbs, fruits, berries, insects Conservation status

Least Concern

Can have 30,000 hollow quills. An average person has 100,000 hairs on their head

Quills are made of keratin, just like your hair and fingernails

Strong claws for Teeth never stop growing so often soon chewing to keep

Strong claws for digging burrows

Teeth never stop growing so often seen chewing to keep teeth at a healthy length

Porcupines are _____ so you may see them sleeping during the day.

Quills True or False?

Porcupines can shoot their quills at predators
 Quills can act as floaties when swimming
 Porcupettes (baby porcupines) are born with soft bristles that harden into quills
 Porcupine quills cannot grow back

Spot the difference

Can you spot 6 differences in this picture?





Leopard tortoise

Origin



Size Up to 65cm long Diet

Mostly grasses and other plants

Conservation status

Least Concern

Ribs and vertebrae fused together to form shell

Scutes are the individua panels that make up the carapace (top shell)

Retracts head into shell for protection from predators

Underside of the shell is called the plastron

One of the 5 largest tortoises in the world, weighing up to _____ kg.

Crack the code

What was the tortoise doing on the motorway?







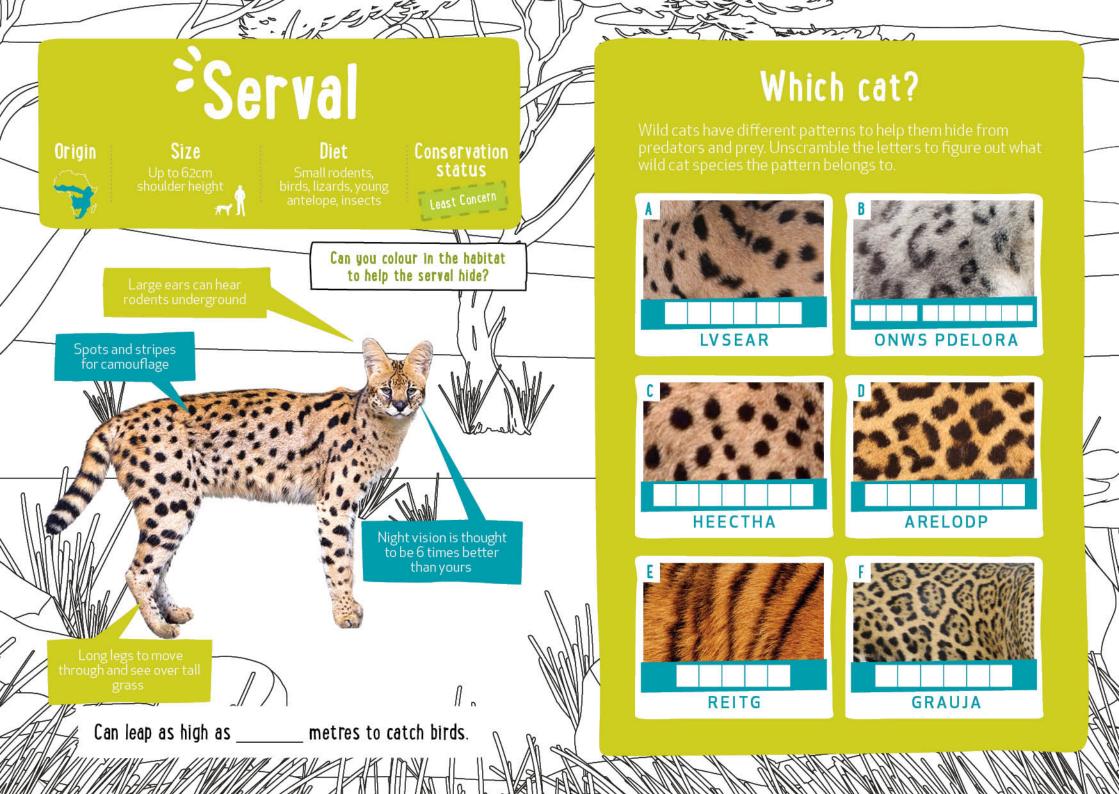












There is plenty more to discover at Auckland Zoo



ANSWERS:

Ostrich: largest. Giraffe: A. 45; B. 50; C. 1; D. 11; E. 7; F. 10; G. 3. Nyala: antelope; nyala and waterbuck Zebra: up = calm, forward = alert, back = agitated. Porcupine: nocturnal; 1.F, 2.T, 3.T, 4.F. Spot the difference: 1. Left tree banch, 2. Bolder right of tree, 3. Pebble by porcupine, 4. Back left porcupine, 5. Grass in front of tree, 6. Clouds in sky. Leopard tortoise: 43kg; A. About one km an hour! Flamingo: Grey; B and F. Serval: 3 meters; A. serval; B. snow leopard; C. cheetah; D. leopard; E. tiger; F. jaguar

Create your own animal kingdom

- 1. Carefully cut out the pieces.
- **2.** Have a go at making these animals!
- **3.** Can you create any others?

