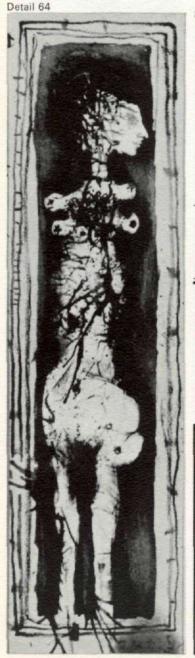
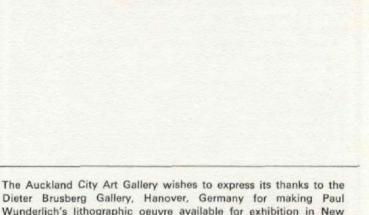


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PAULWUNDERLICH LITHOGRAPHS 1949-1967 AUCKLAND CITY ART GALLERY 1967



Dieter Brusberg Gallery, Hanover, Germany for making Paul Wunderlich's lithographic oeuvre available for exhibition in New Zealand. October 1967

INTRODUCTION

Until very recently most German art of the past couple of decades has II somehow failed to convey to us a clear notion of the specific problems that a creative artist might have to face or solve in a nation that had just emerged from the terrors of a political dictatorship and a disastrous defeat. As early as 1946, especially in West-Berlin and Munich a few galleries, critics and artists had tried, for a while, to revive the cultural atmosphere that had once encouraged George

Grosz, Emil Nolde, Klee and Kokoschka. But those who were active in the movement were mainly survivors of the Weimar Republic's Expressionist Bohemia. Whatever new works they now produced seemed strangely outdated, reminding one rather of the expressionist heyday before 1914 than of the work that was actually being produced in Germany when leaders of the Third Reich suddenly banned most forms of modern art.

Suddenly, in the past two years, we have at last begun to discover in the work of a few German artists some willingness to face these haunting memories of the immediate German past. One of the outstanding examples is Paul Wunderlich.

A graphic artist of quite unusual skill, he reveals to us in his lithographs the preoccupations which quite properly haunt the sensitive mind of a young creative artist who was brought up in the German world of violence, fear and horror. Interpreting in the terms of his own dream-world the patterns he creates almost absent-mindedly, unconsciously or by accident in his work, he arrives at an art form which many a psychologist might be tempted to compare to the patterns of cards for a Rorschach test. But here the cards have already been fully interpreted by the artist and have real human meaning and content, though we can of course interpret them further in terms of our own dreams and fears.

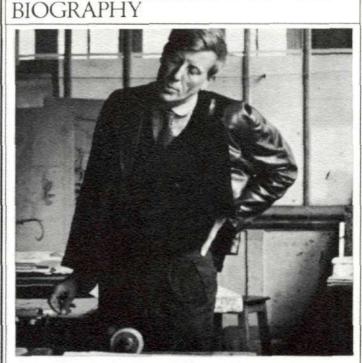
Some German critics have resented the "literary content" of Wunderlich's lithographs and paintings, or protested against the artist's alleged perversity and sadism. Wunderlich's series of lithographs on themes of the gallows-poetry of François Villon and his lithographs of July 20, 1944 (attempt at Hitler's life) have provoked veritable storms of hypocritical protest. But all such virtuous indignation smacks of neurotic resistance to facts that should now be squarely faced by all Germans, especially writers and artists. Are the tortures once inflicted on the inmates of Nazi prisons and concentration camps to be dismissed so blithely as mere literature? Is a sensitive artist's failure to forget these outrages to be blamed now as an expression of his own sadism?

Wunderlich's visionary lithographs reveal to us, in addition to the larval, tortured or rotting human forms that haunt his memory, another world of more ethereal beings that are closely related to those that also haunted the works of Odilon Redon and other masters of the fantastic art. As in the works of James Ensor or of William Blake, we witness here a true Marriage of Heaven and Hell, an apocalyptic bringing together of the Blessed and the Damned, of those who dwell among the angels and those condemned to be the victims of demons. True, such preoccupations with the macabre and the fantastic are essentially romantic. But German art, at its very best, has often been of a very romantic nature, and a German artist - after the wasted years of Nazi cultural dictatorship - can surely re-discover his true character more successfully through such experiments, romantic as they may appear to us outsiders, than through slavish imitation of fads and fashions imposed from Paris or New York and of all that we expect modern art to be.

EDOUARD RODITI

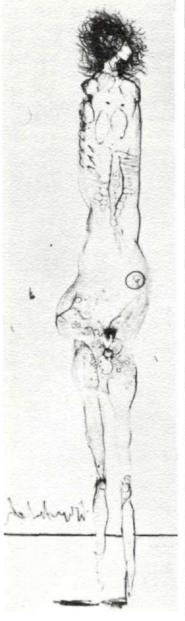


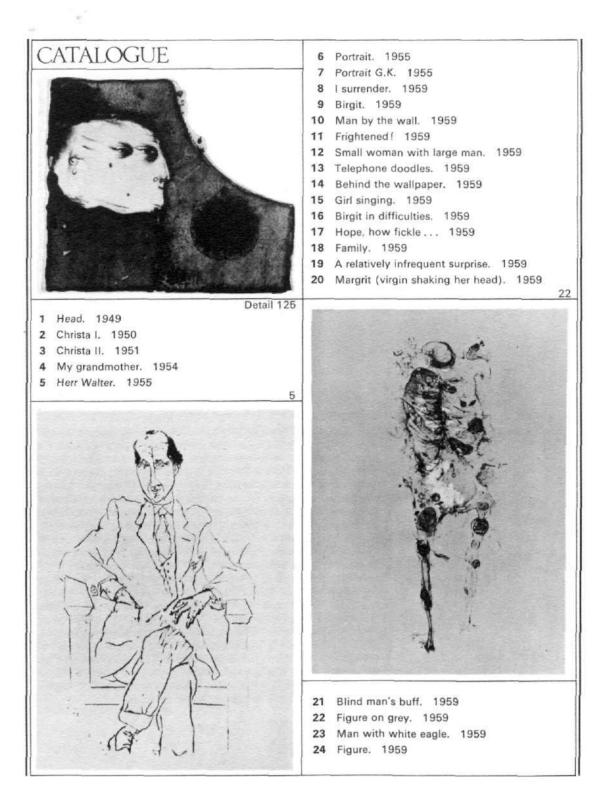
Detail 42



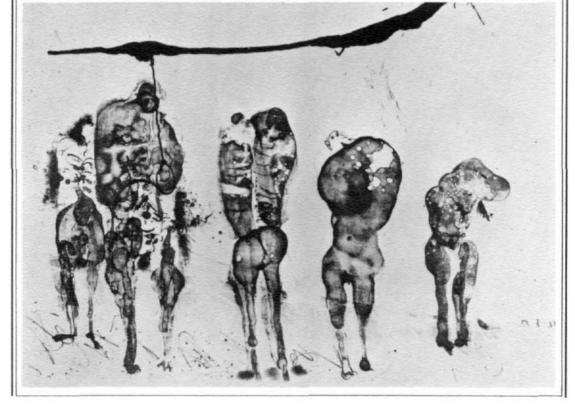
Paul Wunderlich was born 1927 in Berlin. He studied at the Hochschule für Bildende Künste in Hamburg. 1960 to 1964 he taught graphic art at the same school. 1961 to 1963 he lived first in Paris and then in Italy, 1963 he was appointed to a professorship in Hamburg, where he now lives. Wunderlich was awarded a fellowship by the Kulturkreis of the German Industrialists Association in 1954, the national Kunstpries der Jugend for graphic art in 1960, the Collins Prize of the city of Philadelphia for lithography in 1962 and the International Forum Award in Tokyo in 1964. In 1963 he had one-man shows at the Prints Club of Philadelphia, the San Francisco Museum and the Museum of Modern Art, Miami. In Germany his personal exhibitions have been in Hamburg (1957, 1960, 1962), Düsseldorf (1958, 1961, 1963), Berlin and Hanover (1962), Frankfurt (1963) and Munich (1964) as well as in Lübeck, Worpswede, Heidelberg, and Kaiserslautern. In 1965 he showed in Rome. During this time he has participated in international exhibitions in Paris (1957, 1961), Washington DC and five further U.S. cities (1962), Philadelphia (1963) and Tokyo (1964). Wunderlich is represented in the Museums of Modern Art in New York and Miami and in the San Francisco Museum as well as in the graphics collections of some fifteen museums in Federal Germany.

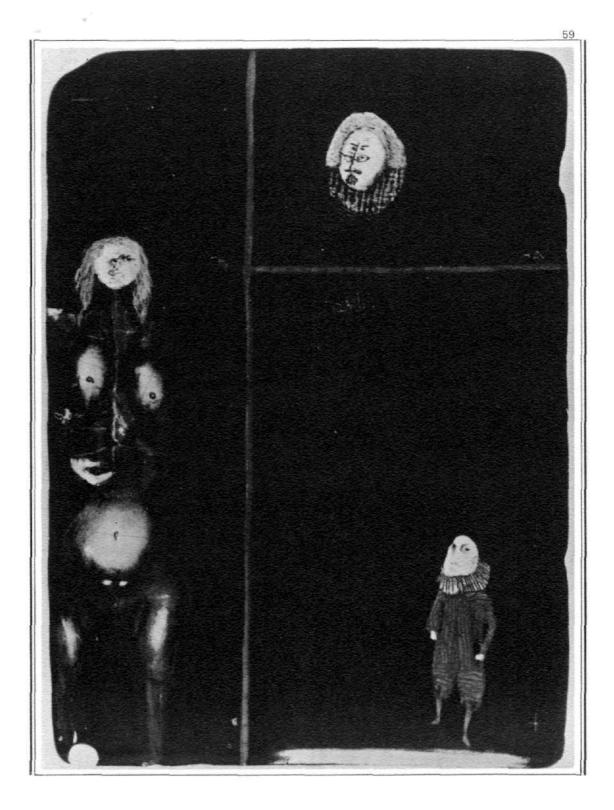
Detail 78



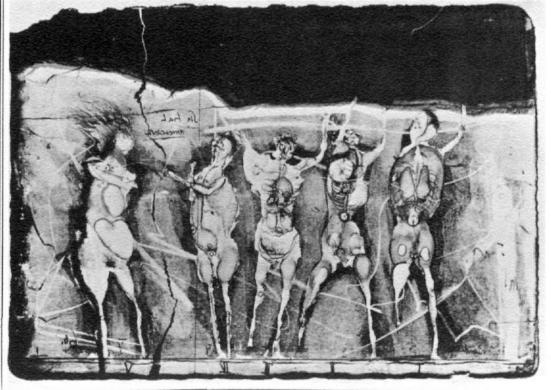


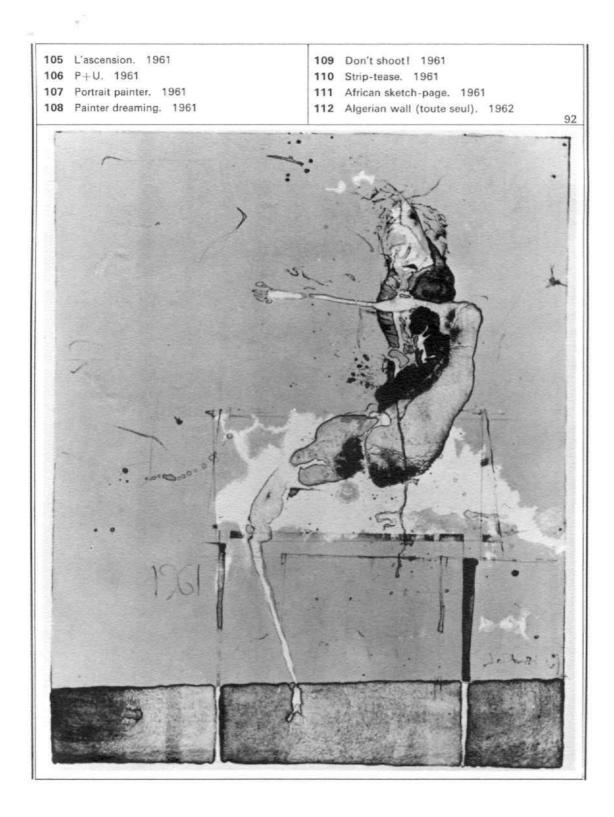
25	Homunculus. 1959	45 20 July 1944, Page 7. 1959
26	Headstand. 1959	46 20 July 1944, Page 8. 1959
27	In front of the wall. 1959	47 The amputated uncle. 1959.
28	Man with a bird on his head. 1959	48 My friends at the baths. 1959
29	Figure on yellow. 1959	49 Fat woman. 1959
30	Figure in black japan. 1959	50 Girl-friends. 1959
31	A man. 1959	51 Male figure. 1959
32	Yalta. 1959	52 Herr B. 1960
33	Children playing. 1959	53 Small head. 1960
34	Venus of Sielbeck. 1959	54 My fishmonger. 1960
35	Head. 1959	55 Karl. 1960
36	Dr Aisen. 1959	56 Rasputin and his daughter. 1960
37	Poet. 1959	57 Colleagues. 1960
38	20 July 1944, Titlepage. 1959	58 Semper idem. 1960
39	20 July 1944, Page 1. 1959	59 Rodrigo and his parents. 1960
40	20 July 1944, Page 2. 1959	60 Daibolo-player. 1960
41	20 July 1944, Page 3. 1959	61 Mannequin in red. 1960
42	20 July 1944, Page 4. 1959	62 Deep decolleté 1960
43	20 July 1944, Page 5. 1959	63 Mona Lisa. 1960
44	20 July 1944, Page 6. 1959	64 Solomon's loveletter. 1960





65	On a green chair. 1960	85	Three men on a sofa. 1960
66	Sandwich-lady I. 1960	86	Roses for the Public Prosecutor. 1960
67	Sandwich-lady II. 1960	87	Man with eagle. 1961
68	à deux. 1960	88	Flirt. 1961
69	Green Lisa. 1960	89	Separated. 1961
70	who is who? 1960	90	Baroque-eagle. 1961
71	Centaur (dedicated to Arno Schmidt). 1960	91	One picks no flowers in the churchyard. 1961
72	Dragonerstall poster. 1960	92	Sitting on the table. 1961
73	Lady Butterfly (hommage à Paul Reisert), 1960	93	Ursula 61. 1961
74	Bookmark. 1960	94	Short-story. 1961
75	Ursula is kind ! 1960	95	What she has dreamt. 1961
76	Ursula 60. 1960	96	Le petit déjeuner. 1961
77	The red dream. 1960	97	X-rays. 1961
78	Girl-friends 60. 1960	98	Marose. 1961
79	Pinned with roses. 1960	99	Salmon à la Paul. 1961
80	Mona Lila. 1960	100	Noli tangere circulos meos. 1961
81	Double Liz. 1960	101	Knife-thrower. 1961
82	She introduces herself. 1960	102	Twist. 1961
83	From L's sketchbook. 1960	103	Anatomy, 1961
84	Adam and Eve. 1960	104	Création d'une femme I. 1961 82





113	Sad man. 1962	157	Small anatomy, Page 2. 1963
114	He becomes old (without vanity). 1962	158	Small anatomy, Page 3. 1963
115	T.V. 1962	159	Small anatomy, Page 4. 1963
116	For Jeremy, 1962	160	Small anatomy, Page 5. 1963
117	Congratulation (félicitation). 1962	161	Small anatomy, Page 6. 1963
118	Crazy horse saloon. 1962	162	Black roses for Ursula. 1964
119	Bosom-friends, 1962	163	Swan's head. 1964
120	Creation d'une femme II. 1962	164	Swans. 1964
121	Création d'une femme II. 1962	165	Aurora – hommage à Runge, 1964
122	The listener in the wall (for Dorothée). 1962	166	Per aspera ad astra. 1964
123	Litho from the Brusberg-Catalogue	167	Niepel poster 65. 1965
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124	Poster, 1962	169	Bosomfriends II (Goldfinger). 1965
125	Brusberg poster. 1962	170	Eve I. 1965
126	Four heads. 1962	171	Title-page for D.B.'s portfolio. 1965
127	Poster for Ursula. 1962	172	Poster (Hanover, Bochum, Berlin). 1965
128	Leda, Title-page. 1962	173	Stockings (Page 1, D.B.'s portfolio). 1965
129	Leda, Page 1. 1962	174	Head with swan (Self-portrait). 1965
130	Leda, Page 2. 1962	175	Adam. 1965
131	Leda, Page 3. 1962	176	Eve II. 1965
132	Leda, Page 4. 1962	177	Head with shell I. 1965
133	Leda, Page 5. 1962	178	Head with shell II. 1965
134	Création d'une femme III. 1962	179	Head with shell III. 1965
135	Rendez-vous technic I. 1962	180	La tête. 1965
136	Rendez-vous technic III. 1962	181	Leda 65. 1965
137	Rendez-vous technic II. 1962	182	The snail. 1965
138	Lolita. 1962	183	Shell, man and woman. 1965
139	Le vieux monsieur. 1962	184	Leda and the swan. 1965
140	Painter and model I. 1962	185	La chaise. 1965
141	Painter and model II. 1962	186	La chaise. 1965
142	Poster (in the sights). 1962	187	Grey stages. 1959
143	Brockstedt poster. 1962		Rendez-vous technic IV. 1962
	From my sketchbook. 1962		corpus delicti I (homme). 1966
145	Peintre. 1962	190	corpus delicti II (femme). 1966
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	Les deux, 1st version. 1962	191	carina lupa (black-white). 1966
1. 19 19 19 19	Les deux, 2nd version. 1962	192	and the second
	Kunst + Knoll International (Poster). 1963	193	The thumb. 1966
149	Création d'une femme (Sydow poster). 1963	194	Torso 66. 1966
150	TRANSFORM DE LA COMPENSIONE DE LA COMPENSIONE	195	Head with mask. 1966
151		196	The beautiful sisters. 1966
152	In the two control of the control of the second	197	The angel with the index finger. 1966
153	n se anno ann an	198	Nude on red chair (Dusseldorf poster). 1966
154		199	Visiting. 1966
155	Small anatomy, Title-page. 1963	200	Woman with high coiffure. 1966
156	Small anatomy, Page 1. 1963	201	With head and crab. 1966

